American Board of Radiology Diagnostic Radiology (DR) Initial Certification (IC): Recommended Discussion Points

Note: DR IC refers to the combination of the DR Qualifying (Core) and DR Certifying exams.

- 1. How well do the Qualifying (Core) and Certifying exams assess radiology knowledge and clinical competence?
- 2. To what degree are radiologists completing training and DR IC in the current system well prepared for independent practice?
- 3. Is the current DR IC exam structure fair (unbiased)? If not, why?
- 4. Does the DR IC process need improvement? If so, where is improvement needed?
- 5. Is the current timing of DR IC, to be completed at least 12 months after completion of residency, appropriate? Is there a better time to administer the exam?
- 6. What parts of the current DR Qualifying (Core) Exam work well to assess residents in training?
- 7. What parts of the current **DR Certifying Exam** work well to assess competence for independent practice?
- 8. Is broad knowledge of diagnostic radiology a necessary component of the **DR Certifying Exam**? Why or why not?
- 9. Is subspecialized radiology knowledge a necessary component of the **DR Certifying Exam**? Why or why not?
- 10. In what ways does board exam preparation for current DR IC exams have a positive or negative impact on preparation for future practice?
- 11. How well do multiple-choice test questions assess the knowledge of trainees?
- 12. How well do multiple-choice test questions assess the interpretation skills of trainees?
- 13. How well do multiple-choice test questions assess the communication skills of trainees?
- 14. How well do multiple-choice test questions assess professionalism of trainees?
- 15. Regarding the current DR IC process, what should the ABR stop doing?
- 16. Regarding the current DR IC process, what should the ABR keep doing?
- 17. Regarding the current DR IC process, what should the ABR start doing?
- 18. Additional comments regarding the current DR IC process.