#### ABR AMERICAN BOARD OF RADIOLOGY

# Writing Items for the ABR

**Content Editing Division** 

### Item Writer Resources

- Item Format Reference Sheet quick overview of ABR item format
- Accepted Acronyms and Abbreviations
- Item Writers' Guide in-depth reference with detailed instructions and additional examples

These resources and a copy of this presentation are available from your exam developer. Also, feel free to contact Editing if you have any questions.



## Item Objectives

#### Focused

• Each item should focus on one concept.

#### Clear

• Each item should be straightforward, easy to interpret, and unambiguous.

#### Concise

• Each item should include only information necessary to answer the question.



### Item Components

- Stem = Background + situational information + images/diagrams/tables + question
- Options = KEY (correct answer) + 3 DISTRACTORS (incorrect answers)

4 total options per item are preferred 3 options are acceptable for items with only 3 plausible choices



## Acronyms

- Clarity in content; no chance of misinterpretation
- The ABR has a list of acronyms that are acceptable to use without expansion.
- If an acronym is not on the list, spell it out on first use.
- Example: Instead of ML, use mediolateral (ML).



### Use of Sex and Gender Terminology

- Aim for gender-inclusive terminology and phrasing
- Is gender relevant or required to answer the question?
- Use "they/them" for the gender-neutral singular
- Examples:
  - A radiologist completes 20 continuous medical education credits every year, and they keep record of their progress. This is an example of what professional commitment?
  - For this pregnant patient, what retroperitoneal finding is shown?



### Stem Attributes

- Linear delivery of information
- Complete, clear question
- Focus on a single concept
- Positively worded format
- Objectively worded structure



## Linear Delivery of Information

Background + situational information + request for answer

A 7-year-old patient is treated for . . . + One year later, they present with . . . + What is the most appropriate next imaging exam?

Cases should be written in present tense, when possible.



## Linear Delivery of Information

Background + situational information + request for answer

#### **INCORRECT:**

What is the probability that a child will have a defect due to induced genetic damage to the ovum if the parent gets pregnant 30 days after receiving an ovarian dose of 110 mGy from two CT scans of the pelvis?

#### **CORRECT:**

A patient has two CT scans of the pelvis and receives an ovarian dose of 110 mGy. Thirty days later, they become pregnant. What is the probability that the child will have a defect due to induced genetic damage to the ovum?



### Linear Delivery of Information

Linear examples without extensive background:

Situational information (include image, if any) + question

A lamp is placed 3 m in front of a concave mirror with a 1-m focal length. How far in front of the mirror will reflected light converge?



## Complete, Clear Question

Stems should be complete sentences ending with a question mark.

#### **INCORRECT:**

- Kerma:
- The dose-rate constant:

#### **CORRECT:**

- What does kerma measure?
- What is the definition of the dose-rate constant?

#### Why? Because the stem has to pass the "cover test."



## Complete, Clear Question

What is the "cover test"?

If options are covered, the stem should have sufficient information for the diplomate to predict the answer without having to look at the option list.



## Focus on a Single Concept

If asked:

Which of the following statements describes electron capture radioactive decay?

-or-

Beta-emissions typically have:

Could you predict the correct answer if the options were covered?



## Focus on a Single Concept

Unfocused stem (with mixed options):

Which of the following statements describes electron capture radioactive decay?

- A. It triggers a proton-neutron transformation.\* (process)
- B. The atomic number remains the same. (chemistry)
- C. It occurs in a neutron-rich unstable parent nucleus. (location)
- D. It most commonly occurs with the capture of an L-shell electron. (process)



## Focus on a Single Concept

The key from the previous example: It triggers a proton-neutron transformation.

New stem: In electron capture radioactive decay, what type of transformation occurs?

- A. Proton-neutron\*
- B. Neutron-proton
- C. β<sup>-</sup>
- D.  $\beta^+$



## Positively Worded Items

- Items should ask for the correct answer, not the incorrect answer.
- Negative phrasing does not pass the cover test.
- Examples to avoid:
  - What is the LEAST likely . . . ?
  - Which of the following is **FALSE**?
  - Which of these is **NOT** an indicator . . . ?
  - All of the following are true **EXCEPT**:



## When Negative Phrasing is Needed

- Negatively worded items should only be used for adverse events, differential diagnoses, or techniques that could cause harm.
  - For example:
    - Which of the following should be **EXCLUDED** from the differential diagnosis?
    - A patient presents with kidney disease. What radiopharmaceutical should **NOT** be administered?



## **Objectively Worded Items**

All items should be objectively written, based on fact and not opinion.

#### **INCORRECT:**

A CT technologist informs you they saw a ring artifact on the daily QC test. What would you do first?

#### **CORRECT:**

A daily QC test for CT shows a ring artifact. What is the most appropriate next step?



### Direct Question - What vs "WotF"

What is the most common presenting symptom of X illness?

VS

- Which of the following is associated with X illness?
- What type of artifact is shown?

VS

• Which of the following statements about the image is true?



## **Option Attributes**

- Same category
- Same part of speech
- Similar in length and structure
- Plausible to some degree
- Supported by medical research
  - At least one credible reference is required to support the key.



## Same Category

#### **INCORRECT:** Mixed options

Which of the following about receiving a package containing radioactive materials is true?

- A. Does not have to be monitored for contamination (requirement)
- B. If received after normal working hours, must be monitored no later than 3 hours from the start of the next working day (requirement)
- C. Conduct external survey using an ionization chamber (technique)
- D. Perform a wipe test using absorbent paper and counting the swabs in a CsI well counter (technique)



Same Category

Create two focused items:

- If received after normal working hours, a package containing radioactive material must be monitored how soon after the start of the next work day?
- What is the most appropriate technique for testing a package containing radioactive materials?



## Same Part of Speech

The options should all be in the same part of speech. For example:

What is the most appropriate next step in management?

#### **INCORRECT:**

- A. Obtain a radiograph
- B. Performing MRI
- C. Observation
- D. The patient should be sent home.

#### **CORRECT:**

- A. Radiography
- B. MRI
- C. Observation
- D. Discharge



## Similar Length and Structure

In television viewing of fluoroscopic images, what ensures that the electron scanning beams in the camera and monitor are synchronized?

- A. Digital detectors such as charge-coupled devices that provide a direct readout of electrical charge
- B. Transmission channel
- C. Camera control unit
- D. Image storage device



## Direct and Focused Options

Which of the following statements about metastatic lung disease is true?

A. Lymphangitic spread of breast cancer in a lung can be arrested.
B. Patients with metastatic lung disease have been shown to benefit from surgical removal of the metastatic disease.\*
C. A nuclear radiology scan is the most effective study to detect candidates for resection of pulmonary metastases.
D. The pulmonary metastatic disease must be limited to only one lobe of one lung.



## Example (continued)

Metastatic lung disease from what type of primary tumor is most effectively treated by resection?

- A. Invasive carcinoma of the breast
- B. Soft tissue sarcomas\*
- C. Ovarian cancer
- D. Brain cancer



## Plausible to Some Degree

- A feasible option for consideration by the unprepared or underprepared diplomate
- A rational and logical *wrong* answer the diplomate might guess if no choices were provided
- A real thing; no invented terms or phrases



# Things to Avoid

- Multiple and overlapping parts
- Overlapping numerical ranges
- Pairs
- Outliers



# Multiple and Overlapping Parts

#### **INCORRECT:**

For ultrasound harmonic abdominal imaging, which of the following combinations of transmit/receive center frequency values is the most appropriate?

- A. 6 MHz/6 MHz
- B. 4 MHz/4 MHz
- C. 2 MHz/4 MHz\*
- D. 2 MHz/3 MHz



# Multiple and Overlapping Parts

#### **CORRECT:**

For ultrasound harmonic abdominal imaging, with a transmit center frequency of 2 MHz, what is the most appropriate receive center frequency?

- A. 2 MHz
- B. 4 MHz\*
- C. 6 MHz
- D. 8 MHz



# **Overlapping** Numerical Ranges

What is the effective radiation dose of a CT scan of the head?

#### **INCORRECT:**

- A. 0.5 to 1 mSv
- B. 1 to 5 mSv
- C. 5 to 10 mSv
- D. 10 to 15 mSv
- E. 15 to 20 mSv

#### **CORRECT:**

- A. 0.5 to 0.9 mSv
- B. 1 to 4 mSv
- C. 5 to 9 mSv
- D. 10 to 14 mSv
- E. 15 to 19 mSv



### Pairs

#### **INCORRECT:**

Cyclotrons accelerate ions by using which of the following?

- A. Pulsed electric fields\*
- B. Pulsed magnetic fields
- C. Standing waveguide
- D. Microwaves



### Pairs

#### **CORRECT:**

Cyclotrons accelerate ions by using which of the following?

- A. Pulsed electric fields\*
- B. Pulsed magnetic fields
- C. Standing waveguide
- D. Traveling waveguide



### Outliers

• Credible option that stands out from the rest

What type of imaging is shown?

- A. Cone-beam CT
- B. High-resolution CT
- C. Dual-energy CT\*
- D. Functional MRI



# More Option Types to Avoid

- Yes/No
- True/False
- All of the above/None of the above
- Combinations
  - (A and D, A and B only)
- Sequenced lists



### **OLA** Rationale

- Explain why key is correct
- Original language
- Complete sentences
- Limited to 1000 characters
- Limited to three references



## **Comments and Queries**

- Communication with writers
- Questions and suggestions for improvement
- Revision ideas
- Examples:
  - Can option X be revised to avoid the appearance of a pair with the key?
  - Option X does not appear to "fit" with the other options, which makes it stand out and could serve as a "trick." Can it be revised?



## Item Readiness Checklist

CONCEPT	YES	NO
Clear, articulable, single concept	$\checkmark$	
Linear, chronological stem	$\checkmark$	
Direct question with complete sentences	$\checkmark$	
Options are similar in concept, length, and structure	$\checkmark$	
Options are distinct or paired and balanced	$\checkmark$	
Acronyms are approved or spelled out	$\checkmark$	



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# Thank You!

Questions? Contact Editing staff at Editing@theabr.org