Constants and Physical Values

The ABR provides candidates with this list of constants, physical values, and related information. The ABR does not warrant the list as a compilation of all constants and physical values needed on the exams. The absence of a value from this list will not be used as a reason to reject a question. Candidates should review the list carefully before their exams to familiarize themselves with the contents and list organization. Prudent candidates also will learn any constants not on the list that they think are important.

The value of a constant varies somewhat in the literature. If a question suggests a value different from the value in this table, the candidate should use the value presented in the question.

These values are intended for the ABR exam. They should not be used for clinical calculations without confirmation. The ABR has made every effort to use the most current and correct values. If you believe a value is not correct, please contact the ABR.

LIST OF CONSTANTS AND PHYSICAL VALUES

Name	Symbol	Value	Units
Planck's constant	h	6.626 × 10 ⁻³⁴	m ² kg s ⁻²
Boltzmann's constant	k	1.38 × 10 ⁻²³	m ² kg s ⁻² K ⁻¹
Mass of the electron	m _e	0.511	MeV
Mass of the electron	m _e	9.11 × 10 ⁻³¹	kg
Charge of the electron	qe	1.60 × 10 ⁻¹⁹	С
Mass of the proton	m _p	938	MeV
Mass of the neutron	m _n	939	MeV
Assumed speed of sound in	Vt	1540	m/s
soft tissue			
Speed of light	С	3 × 10 ⁸	m/s
Mass of standard man		70	kg
Molar gas constant	R	8.31	J mol ⁻¹ K ⁻¹
Avogadro's Number	N _A	6.02×10^{23}	Atom/mol
Energy mass conversion		931.48	MeV/amu
Electron Volt	eV	1.60×10^{-19}	J/eV
Gyromagnetic ratio - H		42.58	MHz/T
Gyromagnetic ratio - P		17.2	MHz/T
Gyromagnetic ratio - Na		11.26	MHz/T
Ionization constant	Wair/e	33.97	eV/ion-pair in air
Roentgen	R	2.58 × 10 ⁻⁴	C/kg

Half-lives of common radionuclides

Radionuclide	Half-life	Units
11 C	20.4	minute
13 N	10.0	minute
18 F	110	minute
32 P	14.3	day
57 Co	271	day
60 C o	5.27	year
⁶⁴ Cu	12.7	hour
⁶⁷ Ga	78.3	hour
⁶⁸ Ga	68	minute
89 S r	50.6	day
90Υ	2.67	day
90 S r	28.9	year
⁹⁹ Mo	66	hour
^{99m} Tc	6.01	hour
¹⁰³ Pd	17.0	day
111 I n	2.80	day
123 [13.2	hour
124 	4.18	day
125 [59.4	day
131 [8.03	day
¹³¹ Cs	9.69	day
133 X e	5.2	day
137 C S	30.1	year
¹⁷⁷ Lu	6.7	hour
192] r	73.8	day
¹⁹⁸ Au	2.69	day
201 T]	3.04	day
²²³ Ra	11.4	day
²²⁶ Ra	1600	year

ICRP 103 tissue weighting factors

Tissue	(ICRP 103) Tissue weighting factor w _T	
Bone-marrow (red), Colon, Lung, Stomach, Breast,	0.12	
Remainder tissues*		
Gonads	0.08	
Bladder, Esophagus, Liver, Thyroid	0.04	
Bone surface, Brain, Salivary glands, Skin	0.01	

^{*}Remainder tissues: Adrenals, Extrathoracic (ET) region, Gall bladder, Heart, Kidneys, Lymphatic nodes, Muscle, Oral mucosa, Pancreas, Prostate (3), Small intestine, Spleen, Thymus, Uterus/cervix (2)

PET effective dose equivalent dose rate constants

Nuclide	Dose rate constant μSv m² /MBq h
⁶⁸ Ga	0.134
⁸² Rb	0.159
124 	0.185
18 F	0.143
⁶⁴ Cu	0.029

Radiation weighting factors

Radiation Type	(ICRP 103) Radiation Weighting Factor, w _R	
Photons, electrons and muons, all energies	1	
Protons	2	
Fast Neutrons (1-50 MeV)	5.5	
Alpha particles, fission fragments, heavy nuclei	20	

Standard Calibration Conditions: Calibrated to deliver 1 cGy/MU at d_{max} in a 10×10 cm² field at the 100-cm source-to-surface distance (SSD).

Standard Environmental Conditions: Conditions of temperature, pressure, and relative humidity for which ion chamber calibration factors apply. In the US and Canada these are: Temperature, $T_0 = 22$ °C,

Pressure, $P_0 = 101.33 \text{ kPa}$,

Relative humidity of the air in the ion chamber is between 20% and 80%.

Dose rate constants and TVLs (Handbook of Health Physics and Radiological Health)

Nuclide	Dose rate constant	TVL
	(μSv/h MBq) @ 1 m	(mm Pb)
57 C o	0.041	0.7
⁶⁰ Co	0.37	40.0
⁶⁴ Cu	0.036	17.0
⁶⁷ Ga	0.28	6.0
^{99m} Tc	0.033	0.9
¹⁰³ Pd	0.062	0.03
¹¹¹ In	0.99	2.0
123 [0.074	1.2
125[0.074	0.07
131 I	0.076	11
¹³¹ Cs	0.033	0.08
177Lu	0.008	2.1

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